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The Impact of Industrialization on Deviant Behavior Among Adolescents

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ABSTRACT

This research is motivated by problems that occur in society caused by industrialization. Industrialization will change the condition that the people in Rancaekek District were an agrarian society to become an industrial society. The theory used in this research is that social change occurs because of changes in elements that maintain the balance of community, such as geographical, biological, economic, or cultural elements. The research method used in this study used a qualitative method and data collection using observation and interviews. The results of this study show that before industrialization, Rancaekek Sub-district was an agricultural area. At the same time, the behavior of adolescents before and after industrial development did not experience such a big change. The impact of industrialization on adolescent deviant behavior becomes hedonism and consumptive, thereby triggering deviant behavior.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The industry is a change in economic development from rural areas and agriculture to industrial sectors that produce goods and services. This economic development will eventually lead to a structural transformation, which is a process of shifting the growth of the production sector which initially relied on the primary sector (agriculture), towards the secondary sector (industry) and the service sector (Jamaludin, 2015). Industry includes all productive businesses and activities in the economic sector. Industry is a process in carrying out activities to change basic goods mechanically, chemically, or by hand so that they become semi-finished goods or finished goods, including industrial service activities and assembly workers (Kath et al., 2020).

Industry influences society, which will cause various consequences that communities will feel in various forms. The emergence of new industries will significantly impact the number of workers. Another consequence of the existence of a sector that is considered bad is the emergence of pollution which often creates various approaches both within the community and within the industry itself. As well as the increasing population, mobility and the cost of living are increasing (Parker & Smith, 1992).

The process of industrialization which mostly took place in urban areas resulted in cities being flooded with immigrants from villages in all its aspects. Cultural differences between villages, cities, and adaptation processes result in the acculturation and assimilation of urban culture. In industrialization, rural-urban relations are no longer administrative relations but cultural and social transformations (Jamaludin, 2015). Industrialization is considered the only shortcut to hack the fortunes of a country's prosperity more quickly than without going through that process. With that in mind, almost all countries in the world have been and are pursuing this industrialization strategy, with several characteristics that differ from one country to another. Because of the parallelism between

the course of development and the industrialization strategy, in its journey, it can be said that the meaning of development is almost identical to industrialization so that the two are inseparable (Shelley, 1981).

Industrialization is not the final goal of economic development, but only one of the strategies that must be adopted to support the process of economic development to achieve a high and sustainable level of income per capita. Although implementation varies widely between countries, the period of industrialization is a logical stage in changing the economic structure. This stage was realized historically through an increase in the contribution of the manufacturing industry sector in the formation of GDP, consumer demand, exports, and employment opportunities (Jamaludin, 2016; Wanda Ziemba & Eisenbardt, 2018).

On the other hand, industrialization will cause a shift in values and norms that occur in society. Industrialization will indirectly change a condition from a traditional society to a modern one. This is because modernization involves changes in almost all aspects of social behavior, including industrialization, urbanization, differentiation, secularization, centralization, and so on (Jamaludin, 2016; Miller et al., 2015).

The process of industrialization can change a social behavior in society both into a negative realm and into a positive realm, one of the effects of industrialization can cause deviant behavior in adolescents caused by social changes that occur in society.

Rancaekek District is one of the areas in Bandung Regency, West Java Province of Indonesia, which is adjacent to the largest industry, namely PT. Kahatex, PT. Polyfin and several PT. Others like. With the existence of industry, the people of Rancaekek District feel the impact of the factory, both in the economy and changes in social behavior. The head of the Rancaekek Police explained that in Rancaekek Sub-District, motorbike theft and abuse often occurred. Still, besides all that, the government and the community in Rancaekek Sub-District had an essential role in dealing with the changes that occurred in Rancaekek Sub-District, especially in dealing with deviant behavior among teenagers.

The existence of industry amid society is a manifestation of the occurrence of industrialization in an agrarian society into a modern society, which can trigger deviant behavior, especially among adolescents, because industrialization can change behavior patterns in society, especially adolescents who adopt cultures that come from outside and ignore your own culture. However, industrialization can boost the economy and reduce unemployment, can also trigger deviant behavior in adolescents and increase crime.

2. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Rancaekek is one of the sub-districts in Bandung Regency, West Java Province. It is located in the eastern part of Bandung Regency, not far from the Cileunyi Toll Gate. The location of rancaekek is so strategic, besides being on the national road route between Bandung-Garut, Tasikmalaya, Pangandaran and Central Java, it is also directly adjacent to the Jatinangor City of Education, Sumedang Regency.

Rancaekek sub-district has a train station where trains run from Bandung to Central and East Java. Complete educational facilities are available, starting from dozens of elementary schools, dozens of junior high schools (four of them are junior high schools), several high schools and vocational schools, and a college (Al-Maksum). Business and industry are also growing rapidly, especially textile factories located along Jalan Raya Rancaekek. The agricultural sector is dominated by food crops, especially rice. In addition, some rice fields are increasingly being displaced by housing developments. In Rancaekek dozens of housing complexes have been established, the largest of which is Prumnas Bumi Rancaekek Kencana (Buraken).

The strategic plan is the first step to carry out government activities where integrity is needed between human resource expertise and other resources in order to be able to meet the wishes of stakeholders and respond to the demands of developing a strategic environment both in the district and in the Regency. Analysis of the internal and external organizational environment is a very important step in taking into account the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and challenges that exist. Analysis of these elements is very important and is the basis for realizing the vision and mission and strategy of government agencies.

In other words, the strategic plans prepared by Rancaekek District at least contain a realistic vision, mission, goals, objectives, programs and activities by anticipating and directing organizational members in making decisions about their future, building operations and procedures to achieve them and determining success/failure measures. With a clear and precise vision, mission and strategy, it is hoped that government agencies will be able to solve the potential, opportunities and obstacles they fact.

The strategic plan for Rancaekek District in its preparation involves all components. Rancaekek District has established a strategic plan as a joint commitment of Rancaekek District to realize the performance of government

officials that is accommodative to community demands for fast, easy, transparent and accountable services in government administration, development and society.

The strategy for achieving strategic goals and objectives is a comprehensive and integrated plan regarding the efforts of the Rancaekek District, which includes determining programs and activities considering the resources and environmental conditions encountered.

Before industrial development in the Rancaekek District area, most people worked as farmers and traders, but over time and increasingly rapid technological advances have changed the Rancaekek area into an industrial one (Truna & Zakaria, 2022). However, before and after the industrialization in Rancaekek District, it did not show such a big change in adolescent behavior.

Presentation from Mr. Engkos Kosasih. There have been no significant changes in the behavior of adolescents both before and after industrialization, there has also been a change in livelihood from an agrarian society to an industrial society, maybe from before the existence of industry there were many unemployed but after there was industry there was also no unemployment but not as much as before there is an industry, then now it is changing its function from farming to trading to having a rented house. Thank God, before the existence of the youth industry, the youth were active in recitation and carrying out other positive activities, as well as after the presence of the activity industry, the youth in Rancaekek District were also involved in organizations such as IRMAS (Mosque Youth Association) and Karangtaruna (Engkos Kosasih, Interview, 2018).

In the above statement, the impact of industrialization in the Rancaekek District did not show such a big change in adolescent behavior. However, some teenagers or people commit deviations, such as theft, alcohol, and punks, often seen in the Rancaek District area. Another impact of industrialization in the Rancaekek area was a change in the livelihoods of an agrarian society; where at first the people in the Rancaekek area were people who made a living as farmers and traders but after industrialization, the people in the Rancaekek area turned into an industrial society. Some people worked as factory workers and some also had contracts. Even though the Rancaekek area has turned into an industrial area, the community and their youth are still active in carrying out positive activities such as holding recitations and other positive things such as sports activities, and are active in various organizations.

According to Soejono Soekanto, the changes occurring today are normal phenomena. Its influence can spread quickly to other parts of the world thanks to modern communication, new discoveries in the field of technology that occur in one place can soon be known by other people who are far away from that place (Soekanto, 2017). According to another opinion, social change means modification or changes in social institutions or patterns of social roles. What is determined here is an essential change in social behavior or the more extensive social system, not in terms of existing social relations, such as in family, economic or religious life (Samiksha, 2018).

As for the results of the interview with Miss Cucu who revealed "if there were many unemployed before the industry, the youth were still active in IRMAS (Mosque Youth Association), if after the industry the association became wider" (Cucu, Interview, 2018). Even though Rancaekek District is an industrial area, the community and youth remain active in positive activities, such as attending recitations and sports activities, and deviations often occur due to outside influences, consumptive societal behavior can trigger deviations, such as theft. Deviant behavior involves actions that violate the norms of a society. Thus, all forms of criminal acts that violate laws and regulations, are mentally ill, homosexual, and so on are considered deviant behavior. (M Taufiq Rahman, 2011).

And according to Soejono Soekanto, village people are familiar with trade, modern means of transportation, and can even follow news about other areas through radio, television, and so on, all of which were unknown before. Changes in society can be about social values, social norms, patterns of organizational behavior, the composition of social institutions, layers in society, power and authority, social interaction and so on (Soekanto, 2017).

Various impacts can occur as a result of industrialization, both positive and negative impacts.

Because basically every human being throughout their life will experience what is called change. Changes that occur in society, are basically a continuous process, changes in society can be about social values, social norms, patterns of organizational behavior, the structure of social institutions, layers in society, power and authority, social interaction and so on.

The impact of industrialization has an impact on the level of community welfare, namely by fulfilling various community needs, encouraging people to think more forward, reducing unemployment, with the support and participation of the community and the development of independent social institutions and economic, social, cultural and religious institutions (M Taufig Rahman, 2021).

As for the impact on the economy in the Rancaekek District, that with industrialization in the Rancaekek District it can reduce the unemployment rate, as well as absorb labor and increase the standard of living of the community. Even though the existence of the industry cannot absorb all the workforce in Rancaekek District, the local government organizes training for the work force in accordance with labor market demands and work interests, by recommending it to the Office of Manpower and Transmigration and the Office of Cooperatives, Industry and Trade, and cooperate with industries in Rancaekek District.

Based on the results of research in the field, that with industrialization in Rancaekek District, Bandung Regency, it will make it easier for people to find work, because industrialization can absorb labor and reduce unemployment. Reducing unemployment can reduce the occurrence of criminal acts or deviant behavior in society, especially among adolescents, who are teenagers. Based on the results of interviews with Mr. Drs.H.M.Iwan Djajakusumah, M.Sc: "Because this industrialization process has been going on for a long time, now that's the impact. Previously, I didn't know that job vacancies for local residents of productive age were automatically more open, because there was a stipulation that the factory had to recruit local workers so that the unemployment rate was reduced" (H. M. Iwan Djajakusumah, Interview, 2018). This was also said by Mr. Tatang: "Industry can absorb labor and reduce unemployment, like high school or vocational high school graduates, for example, can work in factories" (Tatang, Interview, 2018).

The above statement explains that with industrialization it is enough to help the level of the economy in Rancaekek District where industrialization can absorb labor and reduce unemployment, but deviant behavior often occurs even though the unemployment rate has decreased but it cannot be denied that industrialization can also cause various problems. due to economic pressures in people's lives, and demands to meet the needs of life are increasing so that they commit acts of deviant behavior by stealing. Soejono Soekanto said: the changes that have occurred in world society today are normal phenomena. Other experts argue that social change occurs due to changes in the elements that maintain the balance of society, such as geographical, biological, economic or cultural elements. Then, there are also those who argue that social changes are periodic and non-periodic. These opinions generally state that change is a cycle of events (Soekanto, 2017).

The impact of industrialization in Rancaekek Sub-District is not only in a positive direction but also in a negative direction.

Based on the results of an interview with Mr. Drs. H. M. Iwan Djajakusumah, M.Si:

The negative impact of industrialization is consumerism, so with industrialization there are many immigrants, Rancaekek Subdistrict is an urban area where many immigrants from outside are experts brought in from outside while those insides are only laborers, teenagers become hedonism, so if you see a friend who uses this cellphone wants to use the same cellphone, then if for example a girl who looks like A has hair, she wants to join the group (H. M. Iwan Djajakusumah, Interview, 2018).

The same thing was said by Miss Ai:

The negative impact of industrialization on adolescent behavior is based on outside influences, like for example graduating from high school, then going to work in a factory, meeting new people, and hanging out with that person, if the person is good, it means being good, pretending that the person's behavior is not right. it means that the follow-up is not correct, because the association is also expanding (Ai, Interview, 2018).

The explanation above explains that the community feels the negative impact of industrialization, the impact on adolescent deviant behavior, with the industrialization of the attitudes of adolescents and the people around Rancaekek District to become hedonism and consumptive, this change occurred because at first the people of Rancaekek District were an agrarian society who worked as farmers become an industrial society. Soejono Soekanto explained that in order to study changes in society, it is necessary to know the reasons behind these changes. When examined in more depth regarding the causes of a change in society, it may be due to something that is considered no longer satisfactory. It is possible that changes occur because there are new factors that are more satisfying to society as substitutes for the old factors. Factors that drive the process of change are contact

with other cultures, an advanced formal education system, an attitude of respect for one's work and desires to progress, tolerance for deviations, which are not offenses, an open system of layers. society, heterogeneous population, community dissatisfaction with certain areas of life, orientation to the future, and the value that humans must always strive to improve their lives (Soekanto, 2017).

The negative impact of industrialization does not only have an impact on deviant behavior among teenagers, but the industry also has an impact on the environment, where flooding often occurs in the Rancaekek area. As explained by Aam's mother: "The negative impact of factories on the environment usually causes flooding, but the flooding is on the road that goes to Garut and goes to Tasik, then there's smoke coming from the factories, but this area (Rancaekek Wetan Village)) is not too affected, most affected by other villages." (Aam, Interview, 2018).

Based on the explanation above, the people of Rancaekek District also feel the impact of industrialization on their environment, such as volumes and flooding, which in Rancaekek District is famous for its floods. Floods in the Rancaekek area often occur when it rains heavily. Flood disasters occur due to narrow and shallow river conditions and poor drainage systems on the main highways, resulting in a comparable action of the volume or discharge of water that exists during the rainy season with the conditions of the river and drainage system, resulting in routine floods that occur every year in almost all villages in the Rancaekek area.

There are industries that do not use a good Waste Management Installation (WWTP) system and dispose of waste into the canals in Rancaekek District, so the water quality becomes low (polluted) and damages productive agricultural land in Rancaekek District. From the existing data, almost 417 hectares out of 3,000 hectares of agricultural land are damaged due to industrial waste water pollution and industrial waste disposal can reach 56,000 M³ every day.

Table 1. Crime Data for 2016-2017 in the Rancaekek Region

No	Jenis Kejahatan	2016	2017	Keterangan
1	Severe Physical Altercation	0	0	-
2	Light Physical Altercation	32	28	Down
3	Theft and Violence	5	2	Down
4	Theft and Weighting	16	15	Down
5	R4 Motorcycle Theft	3	2	Down
6	R2 Motorcycle Theft	20	14	Down
7	Rape	0	0	-
8	Gambling	0	0	-
9	Property Damage	0	0	-
10	Scam	19	7	Down
11	Black Market	3	2	Down
12	Regular Thievery	0	0	-
13	Domestic Violence	0	0	-
14	Sharp Weapon	0	0	-
15	Unhappy	0	0	-
16	Assault	0	0	-
17	Harrassment	0	0	-
	Amount	93	70	

(Source: Bandung Police Criminal Investigation Unit 2018)

Based on the table above, it can be seen what forms of crime occurred in Rancaekek District and it can also be seen that the crime rate in Rancaekek District from 2016-2017 has decreased.

The decrease in crime in Rancaekek District is due to the role of the government and the community in overcoming deviant behavior in Rancaekek District, efforts made by the government, especially the police, where the Criminal Investigation Unit is tasked with organizing/fostering the function of investigating and investigating criminal acts, by providing special services/protection to victims/perpetrators, adolescents, children and women as well as carrying out identification functions, both for the purposes of investigations and public services and organizing coordination and operational and administrative supervision of PPNS investigations, in accordance with legal and statutory provisions. As well as the role of the community in participating in tackling deviant behavior by holding more positive activities, such as holding recitations and sports activities (Hasbullah & Rahman, 2018).

The deviant behavior above can be caused by several factors such as social and economic factors. Based on the results of the research, the researchers obtained some information that teenagers in the Rancaekek District are not too many involved in criminal acts, as stated by Mr. Tatang

If the crime is rare, but like some who do it but it's just like theft, there's a lot of thuggery, drunkenness, negativity, but that's also not done by teenagers, most of them are married, but there are also teenagers usually who have dropped out of school (Tatang, Interview, 2018)

Based on the explanation above that more crimes in Rancaekek District are committed by adults than teenagers, but there are only teenagers who commit crimes, it can be seen from the previous explanation that teenagers in Rancaekek District play an active role in positive activities, such as conducting recitation, organized IRMAS and Karangtaruna and often carried out sports activities. According to Kartini Kartono, a normal person is relatively close to an ideal physical-spiritual integration. His psychological life is more or less stable, he doesn't harbor much internal conflict (inner conflict) and conflict with his environment: his mind is calm, balanced, and his body always feels healthy. However, deviant behavior is behavior that is inadequate, cannot be accepted by society in general and is not in accordance with existing social norms (Kartono, 1976). Based on the social behavior paradigm, the principles governing the relationship between individuals and social objects (Ritzer, 2014).

In short, the relationship between individuals and social objects and the relationship between individuals and non-social objects are governed by the same principle (Rahman, 2010). According to this paradigm, it is based on sociological problems of individual behavior that take place in relation to environmental factors that produce consequences or changes in environmental factors that cause changes in behavior. So the environment is very influential on individual behavior.

Because in the beginning Rancaekek District was an agricultural area and has turned into an industrial area which can influence behavior in society, especially teenagers who still have very unstable thoughts, which can be easily influenced by the existence of industry, especially by the entry of deviant behavior brought from outside, and a lifestyle that is hedonistic and consumptive, thus enabling criminal acts to occur.

However, with positive activities carried out by adolescents in Rancaekek District, channeling their activities into more positive things can make the body feel healthy and not harbor too many internal (inner) conflicts and conflicts with their environment.

It is the same as what Kompol Ilyas said

deviations occur due to dropping out of school, not working and those who graduated from high school do not have a job, maybe there are still those, but the data in us is not valid for dropouts, but in their daily lives not all Rancaekek people deviate but some deviate maybe because of them want to find identity. However, we as the police often provide counseling to the community, especially teenagers (Ilyas, Interview, 2018).

Based on the explanation above that deviations can occur due to unemployment and dropping out of school, although not all Rancaekek people commit deviations, there are deviations that occur in Rancaekek District, even though there are irregularities the police and the surrounding community do not just remain silent, but they do various ways so that they can suppress the occurrence of criminal acts. By conducting counseling and coaching to the community, especially teenagers in Rancaekek District to avoid the occurrence of criminal acts.

Based on the paradigm of social behavior that individual behavior takes place in relation to environmental factors that produce the consequences of changes in environmental factors lead to changes in behavior (Ritzer, 2014). Which in the beginning Rancaekek District was an agricultural area became an industrial area which could lead to changes in behavior caused by environmental factors.

According to Kartini Kartono, in view of the increasingly rapid development, modernization and industrialization efforts which have resulted in increasingly complex society, many social problems and mental disorders/disorders have arisen in big cities. More and more people are unable to make quick adjustments to various social changes. They experience a lot of conflict frustration, open/external conflict. Inner tension and suffering from mental disorders (Kartono, 1976).

Individuals who are unable to make adjustments are always not conforming to social norms and habits. They always experience a lot of tension and stress, caused either by their mental sanctions or by social sanctions. Social demands from the social environment and the process of modernization are becoming more and more severe. For example education has to become longer and longer, if people are to get a job. Houses and cars have to become more and more luxurious if you want to be classified as an elite group, and so on. If the emotional disturbances and mental tension continue to become chronic and occur for a long time, various kinds of mental confusion will appear (Kartono, 1976; Rimmer, 2020).

In overcoming deviant behavior, especially among adolescents, the government has done many things, including providing counseling, increasing security and socializing well with the community. As stated by Kompol Ilyas "for problems the crime rate is not too significant instead it tends to decrease a lot, why can it go down this is the role of the police to take preventive action by guiding *bhabinkamtibmas* also giving directions to the perpetrators themselves" (Ilyas, Interview, 2018).

The explanation above shows that there is a government role in overcoming deviant behavior among adolescents by providing guidance and counseling through *bhabinkamtibmas* to the community, especially teenagers and schools. It was the same as what was expressed by Mr. Engkos Kosasih, "In Rancaekek Wetan Village, they always make efforts to deal with deviant behavior by gathering teenagers, especially those who like to join motorcycle gangs on Saturday nights to chat and provide counseling, there is also bhabinkamtibmas which guides the community" (Engkos Kosasih, Interview, 2018).

Based on the explanation above, this activity is carried out to provide counseling and guidance to adolescents so that they do not commit acts that will harm them in the future. According to Talcott Parsons, society has a connection in carrying out relationships or interactions, so condition one is a requirement in life (Ormerod, 2020). The essence of society starts from the smallest to the big, then becomes a prerequisite. There are processes characterized in four functions, those four functional imperatives are known as the AGIL schema. In order to be sustainable, a system must carry out these four functions. The first adaptation of a system must overcome urgent needs that are situational, the system must also adapt to its environment and adapt the environment to its needs. As carried out by the police and the local government, that they adapt to their environment as well as the surrounding community by interacting and carrying out positive activities together to achieve goals, the goal to be achieved by the government is to create a prosperous society, and aiming to reduce crime in Rancaekek Sub-District as well as stability and order to support the implementation of development. Furthermore, integration is a system that must regulate the relationship between the parts of its components, in its role the government must be able to maintain and regulate relations with the community in carrying out its duties, and must also manage the relationship between the other three functional imperatives. Finally, Latency (Pattern Maintenance) a system must provide, maintain and renew both the motivation of individuals and the cultural patterns that create and sustain that motivation by providing norms and values for actors that motivate them to act.

Similar to what was said by Bripka Febrin Herlingga "countermeasures are carried out by increasing continuous patrols during crime-prone hours, countermeasures are carried out with public awareness to actively participate in protecting the environment (increasing security) by using various appeals and guidance to the community" (Febrin Herlingga, Interview, 2018).

From the explanation above, there are many efforts made by the government, especially the police, in tackling deviant behavior. The Criminal Investigation Unit is tasked with organizing/developing the investigative and criminal investigation functions, by providing special services/protection to victims/perpetrators, youth, children and women as well as carrying out identification functions, both for investigations or public services and organizing coordination and supervision of operational and administrative investigations PPNS, following legal and statutory provisions. A function can be carried out if there is a relationship between the government and the community, in maintaining public order and peace, in carrying out this role, an agreement occurs and interactions or relationships between egos and alters that have been developed take place. The results of the interview revealed by Mr. Acas.S.: "We, as *bhabinkamtibmas*, carry out coaching for the community, including for Karangtaruna, schools, for cadre mothers to supervise their children more, because the main coaching for children is done first by their families" (Acas S, Interview, 2018).

Guidance carried out by the government for the community and youth regarding the Drugs, Traffic and Juvenile Delinquency Constitution, which aims to suppress the occurrence of criminal acts in society, especially among adolescents, and directs the community to carry out more positive activities, the guidance carried out by bhabinkamtibnas will not work well if there is no support and cooperation with the community (Lasmawan & Valentina, 2015).

Parsons' goal with his functional analysis was to examine the processes or mechanisms that produce conformity, the concepts of internalization and institutionalization are fundamental. Internalization is how cultural value orientations and role expectations are truly incorporated into personality systems. This means that an individual's needs setting is shaped or influenced to a large extent (not wholly determined) by this role's orientation and expectations (Johnson, 1986). Structure in Parsons view is functional. This is explained in the AGIL theory (adaptation, goal attainment, integration, latent pattern maintenance). Adaptation is a must for social systems to

deal with the environment well. Goal attainment, means functional requirements that arise from the view that the action is directed at its goals. Integration is a condition related to relations between members in a social system. *Latent Pattern Maintenance* or maintenance patterns to update the motivation of individuals (Hadi, 2015; Sarwono, 1995).

The family institution is very relevant because of its contribution to the functional requirements of latent patterns maintenance. Early socialization for children typically occurs within the family. Moreover, even though these functions are shared with the school system, the family is important in the socialization process during childhood and adolescence. The education system is another major structure that contributes to the pattern maintenance function by providing socialization for "new candidates" from each new generation. The socialization process is essential to maintain cultural patterns from generation to generation (Gubbi et al., 2013; Johnson, 1986).

A function will work well if there is a cooperation between a system and its members or its environment, that a system experiences exchanges with its environment resulting in social action. In carrying out its role, there is an agreement and ongoing interaction or relationship between ego and alter that has been developed.

The results of the interview revealed by Hendra, one of the PPA unit staff (Protection of Women and Children): "The causes of sexual harassment, bullying and fighting can be triggered by the increasingly advanced development of technology, where it is easy for teenagers to access the internet, where they can access various kinds of content, games, videos that contain elements of fighting, bullying and sexual harassment" (Hendra, Interview, 2018).

The statement above shows that deviant behavior can occur from the increasingly advanced development of increasingly sophisticated technology, which can easily access various kinds of content containing elements of violence, bullying, and sexual harassment. With the development of technology, teenagers must always be cared for by their families so they don't fall into promiscuity which will harm their lives in the future. At the same time, the role of the government in efforts to overcome juvenile deviant behavior is carried out by guiding adolescents.

In addition to the government's efforts to deal with deviant behavior, there are also efforts from the community to deal with deviant behavior among adolescents, as stated by Mr. *bhabinkamtibmas* (community security officers) is also carried out by the community, especially coaching for adolescents" (Asep, Interview, 2018).

In the explanation above that with community participation in efforts to overcome juvenile deviant behavior, deviant behavior in Rancaekek District is indeed not too big, especially among teenagers, because of the role of society and the government in overcoming deviant behavior in Rancaekek District, by diverting activities to more positive things, such as holding lectures, and sports activities. In AGIL's functional structure theory, that religious institutions have an influence on integrative functions in their efforts to increase altruistic feelings, although not entirely expressed in everyday life, will help curb egoistic impulses. Religious beliefs and feelings of moral obligation strongly reinforce many of the norms governing interpersonal relationships (Johnson, 1986; Pargament et al., 2020).

Similarly, Miss Cucu stated that "counseling is often carried out by the community security officers, as well as the active role of the youth themselves in their participation in counseling carried out by the government" (Cucu, Interview, 2018).

Holding positive activities in the community, especially for teenagers, will be able to suppress criminal acts, because deviant behavior occurs due to negative impacts from the family and the environment. Parsons states individual behavior in social system organizations. He emphasized that the system experiences mutual exchange with its environment, so social action occurs. Parsons' goal with his functional analysis was to examine the processes or mechanisms that produce this conformity, the concepts of internalization and institutionalization are fundamental. Internalization is how cultural value orientations and role expectations are genuinely integrated with personality systems. This means that individual need settings are shaped or mainly influenced (but not wholly determined) by value orientations and role expectations (Johnson, 1986; Parsons, 2017). The structure in Parsons view is functional. This has been explained in AGIL (adaptation, goal attainment, Integration, latent pattern maintenance) theory. Adaptation is a necessity for social systems to deal with the environment well. Goal attainment means functional requirements that arise from the view that the action is directed at its goals. Integration, means requirements related to interrelationships between members in a social system. Latent Pattern Maintenance is a latency concept that indicates the cessation of interaction (Parsons, 1977; Wirawan, 2012).

CONCLUSION

Rancaekek Subdistrict was originally a rural area where most people worked as farmers, and some were traders. Still, after industrialization, the people of Rancaekek Subdistrict had some working as factory workers but some had rented houses. Before and after industrial development, it did not have such a significant effect on the behavior of adolescents in Rancaekek District, because of the efforts of the government and society to deal with deviant behavior among adolescents by guiding adolescents and the community. And after industrialization in Rancaekek Subdistrict, it can help the economic level of the people of Rancaekek Subdistrict by reducing unemployment and opening up job opportunities for some people. The Impact of Industrialization on the deviant behavior of adolescents in Rancaekek District. Industrialization development in Rancaekek District impacts people's behavior, especially teenagers in Rancaekek District, positively and negatively. The positive impact of industrialization in the Rancaekek District, Bandung Regency, is that it makes it easier for people to find work, even though industrialization in the Rancaekek District can reduce the unemployment rate. However, it cannot be denied that criminal acts or deviant behavior in society, especially teenagers, can occur, such as theft, fraud, and violence. The negative impacts of industrialization are the increasing population in Rancaekek District, changing the lifestyle of the Rancaekek people to become more consumptive which can lead to deviant behavior, as well as environmental contamination by factory wastes around Rancaekek District.

The irregularities in Rancaekek District include abuse, violence, theft of four-wheeled and two-wheeled motorcycles, rape, fraud, domestic violence, sexual abuse, and bullying. However, the crime rate in Rancaekek District from 2016-2017 has decreased. Several factors, such as social and economic factors can cause deviant behavior in Rancaekek District. Adults mostly commit the level of crime that occurs, and teenagers commit some. Government and community efforts to deal with deviant behavior in adolescents in Rancaekek District have been made by the government in tackling deviant behavior among adolescents by providing guidance and counseling through community security officers to the school or community, especially teenagers in Rancaekek District. As for the efforts made by the police, namely by increasing patrols, especially during crime-prone hours, countermeasures are carried out with public awareness to protect the environment. Efforts made by the community from both religious and community leaders, especially the family, by teaching youth to do more positive things and carry out various positive activities, such as recitations, sports activities, and taking an active role in organizations such as mosque youth and general youth organization.

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