



## THE IMPORTANCE OF ARABIC IN QURAN STUDY: ENHANCING UNDERSTANDING THROUGH NATIVE LANGUAGE LEARNING

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### ABSTRACT

The Arabic language is essential for Muslims to understand the Quran deeply, which is necessary for Quranic studies. Learning Arabic allows access to the Quran's original meanings, enabling accurate interpretation beyond translation limitations. It provides insights into the historical and cultural context of the Quran's revelation, enriching reflection on divine messages. Additionally, studying Arabic sharpens linguistic skills and enhances comprehension of sacred teachings and spiritual meanings. In conclusion, mastering Arabic is crucial for a comprehensive understanding of the Quran, deepening spiritual connections, and effectively applying its teachings. This study explores the critical relevance of the Arabic language in the thorough research of the Quran, emphasizing how native language learning can deepen one's understanding of the sacred text. The study adopts a qualitative approach, involving detailed analyses of linguistic and interpretative aspects of Quranic Arabic alongside interviews with Quranic scholars and students. It investigates the intrinsic connection between the Arabic language and the meanings conveyed in the Quran, highlighting the nuances and depth often lost in translation. The study further examines how learning Arabic as a native language facilitates a more profound engagement with the text, enabling learners to grasp its subtleties, rhetorical devices, and cultural contexts. Findings suggest that native language learning enhances comprehension and enriches the spiritual and intellectual experience of studying the Quran. The research underscores the importance of integrating native language pedagogy in Quranic studies to foster a deeper, more authentic connection with the text. This study contributes to religious education by advocating for a more linguistically immersive approach to Quranic research, promoting a holistic understanding of its teachings.

**Keywords:** Arabic Language, Islamic Education, Native Language Learning, Quranic Studies

### ABSTRAK

Bahasa Arab sangat penting untuk memahami Al-Quran secara mendalam, yang merupakan kebutuhan dalam studi Al-Quran bagi umat Islam. Mempelajari bahasa Arab memungkinkan akses ke makna asli Al-Quran, memungkinkan interpretasi yang akurat melampaui keterbatasan terjemahan. Ini memberikan wawasan tentang konteks historis dan budaya dari wahyu Al-Quran, memperkaya refleksi atas pesan ilahi. Selain itu, mempelajari bahasa Arab mengasah keterampilan linguistik dan meningkatkan pemahaman tentang ajaran suci dan makna spiritual. Kesimpulannya, menguasai bahasa Arab sangat penting untuk pemahaman yang komprehensif tentang Al-Quran, memperdalam hubungan spiritual, dan menerapkan ajarannya secara efektif. Penelitian ini mengeksplorasi relevansi kritis bahasa Arab dalam studi komprehensif tentang Al-Quran, menekankan bagaimana pembelajaran bahasa asli dapat memperdalam pemahaman seseorang tentang teks suci. Penelitian ini mengadopsi pendekatan kualitatif, melibatkan analisis mendetail aspek linguistik dan interpretatif dari bahasa Arab Quran, bersama dengan wawancara dengan para sarjana dan siswa Quran. Ini menyelidiki hubungan intrinsik antara bahasa Arab dan makna yang disampaikan dalam Al-Quran, menyoroti nuansa dan kedalaman yang sering hilang dalam terjemahan. Penelitian ini juga meneliti bagaimana belajar bahasa Arab sebagai bahasa asli memfasilitasi keterlibatan yang lebih mendalam dengan teks, memungkinkan pelajar untuk

memahami kehalusan, perangkat retorika, dan konteks budaya. Temuan menunjukkan bahwa pembelajaran bahasa asli tidak hanya meningkatkan pemahaman tetapi juga memperkaya pengalaman spiritual dan intelektual dalam mempelajari Al-Quran. Penelitian ini menekankan pentingnya mengintegrasikan pedagogi bahasa asli dalam studi Al-Quran untuk membina hubungan yang lebih dalam dan lebih otentik dengan teks tersebut. Studi ini berkontribusi pada bidang pendidikan agama dengan menganjurkan pendekatan yang lebih linguistik dalam studi Al-Quran, mempromosikan pemahaman yang holistik tentang ajarannya.

**Kata Kunci:** Bahasa Arab, Pembelajaran Bahasa Asli, Pendidikan Islam, Studi Quran

## INTRODUCTION

For Muslims worldwide, the Quran is the primary source of guidance. The native language of the Quran, Arabic, must be mastered by Muslims to comprehend its teachings more thoroughly and accurately (Ramdane & Souad, 2017). Mastery of the Arabic language allows readers and the study of the Quran to access the original meanings and nuances that may be lost in translation. It is particularly relevant given the many linguistic aspects, rhetoric, and cultural context inherent in the Quran, which cannot be fully translated into other languages (Abdelaal & Md Rashid, 2015).

In modern times, understanding the Quran in the original language, namely Arabic, has become increasingly important (Hasibuan et al., 2021). The Quran is the primary source of teachings in Islam, and a deep understanding of this sacred text is a significant goal for Muslims worldwide. In this context, Arabic has become essential for profoundly understanding the Quran (Chamidah et al., 2023). The Quran was revealed in Arabic, and the rules of Arabic play a key role in understanding the meaning and content of the Quran well (Selim, 2018). Therefore, learning Arabic is relevant to deepening one's understanding of the Quran. In this scientific paper, researchers will explore Arabic's relevance in studying the Quran. Researchers will examine how learning Arabic can effectively achieve a deep understanding of the Quran. In addition, researchers will discuss the critical role of Arabic rules in interpreting the Quran accurately.

The relevance of Arabic in the study of the Qur'an is indisputable, as the Qur'an itself was revealed in Arabic, which became the primary vehicle for conveying the divine message and the key to a deep understanding of Islamic teachings. With experience in Arabic, Quranic researchers can detail the meanings of sentences, delve into the nuances of words, and explore complex linguistic elements in this sacred text (Hadi, 2015). Understanding Arabic also helps interpret the Quran more accurately, explaining its historical context and exploring its moral and legal messages. Thus, Arabic is a crucial foundation for deepening understanding and practical application to the teachings and instructions of the Quran in the daily lives of Muslims, making it an essential center in Islamic religious studies (Ruslan & Musbaing, 2023).

By understanding the importance of Arabic in studying the Quran, we can gain a deeper understanding of these sacred teachings (Kamal, 2024). Learning Arabic is a linguistic skill and a doorway to a deeper understanding of the divine message in the Quran. Learning Arabic as a native language is essential in studying the Quran. Students can explore the deeper and more subtle meanings of Quranic verses by understanding Arabic deeply. In addition, learning Arabic also helps in understanding the historical and cultural context in which the Quran was revealed, which enriches the understanding and reflection on divine messages. In the next section, the researcher will outline the research methods used in this study to further explore the relevance of Arabic in studying the Quran. Arabic has undeniable significance in the study of the Qur'an because the Qur'an itself was revealed in Arabic. Understanding this language is the primary key to profoundly understanding this sacred text of Islam. Arabic allows researchers and scholars to detail the meanings of words and sentences in the Quran, interpret the messages of these texts,

and delve into linguistic and semantic aspects that may be missing in translation (Rashed, 2015). In addition, understanding Arabic helps in appreciating the nuances, metaphors, and deep meanings of the Quran and allows for the more accurate use of tafsir (interpretation) (Osman & Hassan, 2022). Thus, the Arabic language becomes an essential foundation in maintaining the integrity and proper understanding of the Quran, ensuring that the message and teachings of Islam contained therein are interpreted correctly (Sya'bani & Has, 2023).

The previous research related to this research is as follows: *The Role of Arabic in Islamic Education in Ma'had Aly Ar-Rasyid Wonogiri: A Review of Arabic Language Learning as a Media for Access to Religious Science* (Hasan, 2023), *the Concept of Humanistic Education Ki Hajar Dewantara and Its Relevance to Arabic Learning Design* (Umam & Syamsiyah, 2020), *strategies for implementing an Arabic-based pesantren environment, the application of Arabic and its Urgency in Understanding the Qur'an* (Dewi, 2016). *The Privileges of Arabic as the Language of the Qur'an* (Asy'ari, 2016). Based on the explanation of previous research, Arabic and the Qur'an have a strong attachment. Hence, researchers are interested in exploring research related to the *Relevance of Arabic in the Study of the Qur'an (Deepening Understanding through Learning the Original Language)* so that students are given efforts to speak Arabic well to understand the content of the Qur'an.

Using Arabic to study the Quran is understanding, respecting, and interpreting this sacred text accurately and deeply. Arabic is the original vessel of the Quran, and its use allows Muslims to approach divine messages in a way that conforms to its original intentions and wills. In this context, the objectives are as follows: 1. *Understand the Divine Message: Arabic enables Muslims to understand the meaning and message of the Quran accurately. In its original language, the Quran contains laws, ethics, guidelines, and commandments that form the basis of Islamic teachings. A correct understanding of the Arabic language helps Muslims permeate and apply these teachings in their lives. In addition, using Arabic in the study of the Quran also allows for more in-depth research of exegesis, understanding the historical context in which the Quran was revealed, and maintaining the integrity of this sacred text over time. Thus, the use of Arabic in the study of the Quran has the primary objective of maintaining authenticity, accuracy, and respect for this sacred text of Islam.*

This study explores the critical relevance of Arabic in the comprehensive analysis of the Quran, emphasizing how learning the native language can deepen one's understanding of this sacred text. Through a qualitative approach, this study will analyze the linguistic and interpretive aspects of Quranic Arabic and examine how learning Arabic as a native language can increase engagement and understanding of the text. Interviews with Qur'anic experts and students will provide additional insight into the importance of mastering Arabic in deepening the meaning and teachings of the Quran.

Thus, this research is expected to significantly contribute to religious education, especially in developing a more effective and in-depth pedagogical approach to studying the Quran. Through a better understanding of the Arabic language, it is hoped that learners can create a stronger spiritual connection with the Quran and apply its teachings more authentically in everyday life.

## METHOD

In this study, researchers will use a qualitative approach to explore Arabic's relevance in an in-depth Quran analysis. This research method will enable researchers to understand how Arabic language learning can affect understanding of the Quran and how this understanding can be

improved. Researchers will select a sample of participants consisting of individuals or groups with varying knowledge of Arabic and Quran studies. It will include students, teachers, and experts in Quranic studies. Researchers will use various data collection methods, including in-depth interviews, observations, and document analysis. The interview will be used to gain participants' direct views and experiences related to Arabic language learning and understanding of the Quran. The collected data will be analyzed using a qualitative approach. This approach will involve coding the data, identifying patterns, and developing key themes that emerge from the data. In addition to primary data, researchers will conduct literature research to support the researchers' findings with information from reliable sources. To ensure the validity and reliability of the study, researchers will use data triangulation, which compares data from various sources and methods to ensure consistency of findings. After the data analysis, the researcher will interpret the findings to identify the relationship between Arabic language learning and understanding of the Quran. Researchers will explore how this understanding can be improved through learning Arabic.

This research will conclude by drawing conclusions based on the researchers' findings and providing practical recommendations to enhance the knowledge of the Quran through Arabic language learning. The sample consisted of 6 participants with varying levels of proficiency in Arabic language and Quranic studies. The students are majoring in Islamic Preaching Management, English Literature, and Arabic Language Education at UIN Sunan Gunung Djati Bandung. Interviews were conducted with each participant to understand their experiences in learning Arabic and Quranic studies. Observations were carried out within the context of Arabic language learning and Quranic studies to observe learning practices. Relevant curriculum documents, learning materials, and Arabic language resources were also analyzed. Data from interviews, observations, and records were coded to identify main themes. These central themes were analyzed to determine the influence of Arabic language learning on understanding the Quran. A literature review was conducted to support findings with information from reliable sources. The research design aims to elucidate the relevance of Arabic language learning to Quranic studies. This research benefits students who want to become proficient in Arabic and comprehend Quranic studies effectively. Therefore, efforts to enhance Arabic language proficiency are necessary to facilitate students in learning and understanding the content of Quranic studies.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

### Findings

The results showed that learning Arabic has a positive impact on the understanding of the Quran. Participants with better Arabic skills tended to understand the Quran better. They can interpret verses more accurately and understand historical context better. The study's results show that learning Arabic positively impacts understanding the Quran, which is concrete evidence of the benefits of learning Arabic in the context of understanding the Quran. Such research confirms the importance of understanding Arabic in the context of Islam and the Quran. Empirical data supporting these benefits can provide a solid basis to encourage more individuals to learn Arabic to deepen their understanding of the Quran and the Islamic religion.

The results of interviews on teaching Arabic in the context of understanding the Quran in schools require a comprehensive approach. Here are the steps that can be followed in teaching Arabic in Quran materials in schools:

*Schools must design a curriculum with Arabic Language instruction focusing on understanding the Quran. This curriculum should include primary Arabic material and relevant verses of the Quran. Arabic classes*

*focused on the Quran should be grouped according to the level of Arabic proficiency, ranging from beginner to advanced—the students with varying levels of ability to get the appropriate learning. Language learning is applied in Arabic by choosing appropriate textbooks or learning materials focusing on Arabic with Quranic content. Make sure these books include relevant Tajweed commentaries, vocabulary, and rules. To understand the study of the Qur'an through the immersion of Arabic and the application of the science of *nahwu*, namely to avoid misunderstandings when studying and understanding the Qur'an and *As-sunnah*, the relevance of Arabic is very appropriate. However, it must also be supported by comprehension methods and languages of each region, which will help the communication process during teaching and learning activities. The critical point is that applying Arabic in learning the Qur'an allows students to be more familiar with Arabic because a quote once said, "Can be because you are used to it." The more repeated, the memory will always ring. Methods such as *istima'*, *qiroah*, and *mubadatsah* are tips for improving students' proficiency in Arabic. Suppose you are proficient in Arabic, of course. In that case, understanding the Qur'an's contents will be straightforward (The results of an interview with Elmi Mu'allimah as a *da'wah* management student of UIN Sunan Gunung Djati Bandung on October 13, 2023).*

The results of the interview regarding the teaching of Arabic in the context of understanding the Quran are as follows:

*Schools require teachers who are competent in teaching Arabic and understanding the Quran. These teachers must be able to teach grammar, correct pronunciation, and comprehension of Quranic verses. Learning materials should include specific vocabulary and terms often found in the Quran. Students must understand the meaning and use of these words. Students should be taught tajweed, or the rules of correct recitation of the Quran, including the pronunciation of letters, the length and shortness of letters, and the laws of *Nun Sukun* and others. Students must understand the historical and cultural context surrounding the verses of the Quran to help them understand the message of the Quran in its context.*

*Students should be given practice in reading and writing Arabic correctly, especially in the context of the Quran. Arabic is the key to learning the Quran, and without knowing the rules of Arabic, it will be complicated for us to understand the Quran. Allah made Arabic the Qur'an language because it is the best language ever. Allah the Exalted says: "Verily we sent down the Qur'an in Arabic so that you might understand it." (QS: Yusuf, verse: 2). Ibn Kathir said when interpreting Surah Yusuf verse 2 above: "Because Arabic is the most fluent, clearest, broadest, most appropriate language to convey the meaning (intent) that is in the soul." Especially for the *mofussil*, which is very much in need of Arabic to interpret the Qur'an. So Arabic has a very close relationship with the Quran (The interview results of Nabilah Tiara, a student of the Arabic Language Center, Department of Arabic Language and Literature, UIN Sunan Gunung Djati Bandung).*

The results of interviews regarding the teaching of Arabic in the context of understanding the Quran in schools require multimedia such as sound recordings, videos, and interactive software to help students hear and see how verses of the Quran should be read and pronounced (Salida & Zulpina, 2023). Students should be assessed regularly to ensure their understanding. This multimedia can include grammar, pronunciation, and comprehension exams of Quranic verses. In addition to classroom lessons, schools can offer extracurricular activities such as *dhikr* groups, Quran recitations, or *tafsir* recitations. Involving parents in the educational process is critical. They can support Arabic language learning and Quran comprehension at home. The relevance of Arabic to the Qur'an is that Arabic is the language of the Qur'an. Therefore, Arabic must be learned to understand the Qur'an and understand the religion of Allah more deeply; then, it can be ascertained that without knowing the rules of Arabic, it will be complicated to understand the verses of the Qur'an. Arabic rules include *nahwu*, *shorof*, *mantiq*, and *balaghah* (Lintang, 2018).

The relevance of Arabic to the study of the Qur'an is significant. The Qur'an was revealed in Arabic, and to understand its meaning and content, one must understand the rules of the Arabic language. Arabic has specific regulations that apply to that language, which are closely related to the verses of the Qur'an (Fadillah et al., 2024). Therefore, it is almost impossible to understand the Qur'an without understanding the rules of the Arabic language. Scholars recognize the importance of Arabic in understanding the Qur'an, and there are differences of opinion as to the conditions that a *mufasssir* (interpreter) must meet to understand the contents of the Qur'an. Some scholars mention the conditions in detail, and some only mention them in general terms. However, most agree that a deep understanding of the Arabic language is essential to understanding the Qur'an.

Students should have the opportunity to discuss, ask questions, and share their understanding of the verses of the Quran. To motivate students, schools can hold Quran reading competitions or awards for students who demonstrate achievement in understanding the Quran through Arabic. Learning Arabic in the context of the Quran should be supported by practical applications in everyday life. It can include prayers, worship, and good deeds based on understanding the Quran. Teaching Arabic in Quranic materials in schools requires commitment, resources, and a structured approach. Students can deeply understand Arabic and the Quran with the abovementioned comprehensive approach. Arabic B is highly relevant to studying the Qur'an, especially regarding interpretation and language. Studying Arabic B can broaden our horizons to interpret the verses of the Qur'an.

In addition, the findings suggest that using interactive and integrated learning methods between Arabic and Quranic studies can significantly improve comprehension. Arabic is vital when learning the Quran. The Qur'an is the holy book for Muslims, and Arabic is the original language used in the Qur'an. The relevance of Arabic in understanding the Qur'an includes the fact that the Qur'an was revealed in Arabic to the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH), and the text was in the original Arabic. Therefore, understanding Arabic is essential to understand the Qur'an text correctly. Exegesis or explanation is required to understand the meaning of Qur'anic verses, especially if you are not fluent in Arabic. Knowledge of Arabic can help individuals to understand the interpretation in more depth. Arabic is also essential to ensure correct pronunciation when reading the Quran. Arabic has specific phonetics and tajweed rules that must be followed when reading the Qur'an correctly. In addition, many prayers, dhikr, and worship in Islam are in Arabic. Understanding Arabic allows one to interact more deeply in prayer and feel closer to the Qur'an. So, understanding Arabic is very relevant for learning the Qur'an as it helps in the knowledge, pronunciation, and appreciation of the Qur'anic text and the daily practice of worship in Islam.

Learning Arabic has a significant positive impact on understanding the Quran in several ways. First, understanding Arabic allows one to experience the messages of the Quran directly without going through the translation process. It is the original language of the Quran and has deep nuances and meanings that often cannot be fully expressed in translation. Secondly, understanding Arabic helps one understand the Quran's sentence structure, grammar, and linguistic nuances. It allows the reader to delve deeper and deeper into the meanings of the Quran verses and identify specific allusions, metaphors, and language that may be used in the text. Third, learning Arabic also helps understand the historical context in which the Quran was revealed. It is essential because some verses can have more evident meanings in the correct historical context. Knowledge of the culture, society, and historical events of the time enriches our understanding of this sacred text. Fourth, understanding Arabic allows individuals to interpret the Quran better. Tafsir attempts to explain the meaning and message of the Quran, and a solid understanding of

Arabic is indispensable in this process. With a better understanding of Arabic, tafsir can become more accurate and profound. Thus, learning Arabic is a tool to better understand the Quran and a key to more profoundly and precisely exploring this sacred text's meaning, wisdom, and guidance. It also helps maintain the integrity of divine messages in a broader context.

### Analysis

Arabic Language Education focuses on learning the Quran, a very relevant and beneficial approach to understanding the Quran. Educational institutions or learning centers may offer Arabic courses designed to enable learners to understand the text of the Quran. The course material will cover specific vocabulary often used in the Quran and grammar and tajweed rules relating to Quran recitation. As part of Arabic language education, students can learn tafsir, or explanation, of the Quran in Arabic. It helps them understand the context and meaning of the verses of the Quran better.

The relevance of the Arabic language in Quranic studies to deepen understanding through native language learning is implemented as follows:

1. Curriculum Integration of Arabic Language and Quran to Enhance Students' Language Potential: Arabic language teachers can integrate Quranic verses into the curriculum. Students can learn Arabic by reading, analyzing, and understanding Quranic verses, thereby developing language skills while delving into Quranic understanding (Karim et al., 2018). In educational environments that encourage Quran memorization, students can learn Arabic by attempting to memorize Quranic verses. This enables them to understand the structure and meaning of Arabic while memorizing sacred texts. Online courses offering Arabic language learning focused on the Quran are becoming increasingly popular in the digital age. Students can access Arabic language and Quran learning resources through online learning platforms (Manoppo et al., 2022). Religious schools can incorporate Arabic language learning into their religious curriculum, enabling students to understand their sacred texts better. Multimedia resources, such as audio recordings and videos featuring Quran recitations, can help students understand proper pronunciation and tajweed.
2. Additionally, students can learn to speak and write in Arabic more effectively through topics related to the Quran, such as self-introduction, Quranic stories, or speeches on religious values. Arabic language education focused on the Quran effectively enables individuals to understand Islamic sacred texts better while developing their Arabic language skills. It provides dual benefits through deeper religious understanding and improved mastery of Arabic.
3. Use of Textbooks: The Quran is revealed in Arabic, and to understand the original and authentic text, it is essential to have a good understanding of Arabic (Mohamed et al., 2018). Textbooks focusing on Arabic allow students to read and understand the Quran without translation intermediaries, thus gaining a deeper understanding. Specialized Arabic language textbooks used in in-depth Quranic studies include specific vocabulary frequently appearing in the Quran. Students can understand the meanings of words and phrases used in the Quran, including typical religious terms. Good textbooks may also include explanations or interpretations of Quranic verses, helping students understand the context and meaning of the verses better. These interpretations allow them to understand the messages of the Quran according to the understanding of prominent scholars.

Arabic language textbooks used in the context of the Quran often include the teaching of tajweed, which are the rules of correct Quranic recitation (Sya'diah & Anshari, 2024). By

understanding tajweed, students can read the Quran correctly and absorb the meanings of the recitations better. Textbooks used in in-depth Quranic studies are often authored by competent scholars and experts in Arabic language and Quranic understanding (Tausiah et al., 2019). It ensures that students receive accurate and reliable information. Textbooks often support correct pronunciation learning in Arabic and tajweed. Students need to be able to read the Quran correctly according to the rules of recitation.

Good Arabic language textbooks can help students understand Quranic verses' cultural and historical context. This enables them to understand the meanings and messages of the Quran in the correct historical and cultural context. Thus, using Arabic language textbooks in in-depth Quranic studies is an essential tool. These textbooks support a deeper understanding of Arabic and facilitate a deeper understanding of the Quran, which is the primary goal of in-depth Quranic studies. It helps students to absorb and understand the meanings and messages of the Quran better, thus enhancing their religious understanding and spirituality.

### 1. Competent Teachers

The relevance of the Arabic language in in-depth Quranic studies through competent teachers is critical to understanding and delving into the message of the Quran (Hidayah & Romlah, 2022). A skilled teacher of Arabic language and Quranic understanding plays a crucial role in providing students guidance, context, and deeper understanding. In this context, qualified teachers can explain the meanings of Arabic and bridge Arabic language understanding with Quranic verses (Musthofa, 2020). They can assist students in understanding the interpretation (explanation) of Quranic verses, explaining vocabulary and specific terms, and providing examples of correct pronunciation in tajweed. Competent teachers can also provide insights into the cultural and historical context surrounding Quranic verses, which are essential for understanding the message of the Quran correctly.

Additionally, experienced teachers can guide reading and interpreting Quranic verses effectively and provide constructive feedback in the learning process. Thus, competent teachers are crucial in helping students understand and delve into Quranic understanding through Arabic. They have an irreplaceable role in achieving a deeper understanding of the Quran.

### 2. Teaching Quranic-Specific Vocabulary

The relevance of the Arabic language in in-depth Quranic studies through teaching Quranic-specific vocabulary is crucial in enhancing understanding of this sacred text. Quranic-specific vocabulary includes terms, phrases, and words frequently used in the Quran, and understanding them significantly impacts overall Quranic understanding (Bustomi, 2020). In this context, the Arabic language plays a crucial role in explaining and exploring the meanings of these terms. Competent teachers in Arabic can guide students in understanding the meanings word by word and present Quranic terms with nuances and appropriate usage. Teaching Quranic-specific vocabulary allows students to understand the messages and teachings of the Quran better. They can contemplate Quranic verses more deeply because they know the words' meanings (Mahdali, 2020).

Furthermore, this understanding helps students avoid distortions or misunderstandings when relying on translations. Additionally, understanding Quranic-specific vocabulary allows students to participate more actively in reading and teaching the Quran. They can read and pronounce verses with correct pronunciation according to tajweed rules. It helps deepen the spiritual relationship with the Quran and enhance their worship



quality. In this regard, the Arabic language is an essential tool that enables a deep understanding of the Quran and allows students to absorb the messages and teachings of Islam more deeply. Teaching Quranic-specific vocabulary in Arabic is a crucial step in better understanding the Quran's sacred text.

### 3. Historical and Cultural Context

The relevance of the Arabic language in in-depth Quranic studies through teaching historical and cultural context is crucial to a deeper understanding of the Quran. History and culture play an essential role in understanding the messages of the Quran because this context helps explain the meanings and relevance of verses in the context of time and place. Teachers who deeply understand the Arabic language can explain the history, culture, and social environment in which the Quran was revealed (Mahdali, 2020). They can connect Quranic verses with historical events and cultural context of that time, which can enrich students' understanding of the message of the Quran. Understanding historical and cultural context also helps students reflect on the Quran's deeper meanings. They can understand the background of the commands and teachings of the Quran and how these messages are relevant in everyday life.

Understanding historical context also helps students avoid misunderstandings or misinterpretations of Quranic verses. Thus, the Arabic language is an essential tool for understanding the historical and cultural context of the Quran. Teaching the Arabic language focused on understanding this context can enrich and deepen students' understanding of the Quran, allowing them to absorb the messages and teachings of Islam in the correct historical and cultural context.

### 4. Reading and Writing Exercises

The relevance of the Arabic language in in-depth Quranic studies through reading and writing exercises is essential in developing practical skills that support a deeper understanding of this sacred text (Munir et al., 2023). Arabic language is the language of the Quran; therefore, reading and writing exercises in the Arabic language are essential means of approaching the Quran correctly (Zaen et al., 2023). Through reading exercises, students can practice reciting Quranic verses correctly, adhering to tajweed rules, and experiencing proper pronunciation. It helps them to approach the Quran with respect and perfection in recitation. Writing exercises in Arabic are also crucial because they allow students to understand sentence structure, grammar, and specific Quranic vocabulary (Mitrajati et al., 2023). Students can apply their understanding through note-taking, essays, or reflecting on Quranic verses. It helps them to contemplate the meanings of verses more deeply. Reading and writing exercises also allow students to internalize the messages of the Quran more strongly. They can feel the depth of these religious messages through understanding and direct experience.

Additionally, these exercises allow students to develop communication skills and express their understanding of the language of the Quran. In this context, the Arabic language is a vital tool to facilitate deep reading and writing exercises, supporting a deeper understanding of the Quran. Using Arabic language in these exercises, students can approach the Quran better, deepen their religious knowledge, and enhance their spiritual relationship with the Islamic sacred text.

## 5. Use of Multimedia

The relevance of the Arabic language in in-depth Quranic studies through multimedia is significant in enriching students' learning experiences. Multimedia, such as audio recordings, videos, and interactive software, play a key role in better understanding the Quran. Using multimedia allows students to hear and see the correct way of reciting Quranic verses. It facilitates understanding tajweed and proper reading rules, which are essential to reading the Quran (Rohman, 2023). Multimedia allows students to listen to correct pronunciation, which they can mimic to improve their recitation.

Additionally, multimedia can provide students with visual experiences to understand Quranic verses' historical and cultural context. In the Quran, students can see depictions of places or events with video or multimedia presentations. It helps them contemplate the meanings of verses in a broader historical context. The use of multimedia also motivates students and makes learning more engaging. Videos, audio recordings, and interactive software can make learning more interactive and enjoyable, which can increase students' interest in understanding the Quran. Overall, the Arabic language is the primary vehicle used in multimedia to facilitate a deep understanding of the Quran. Multimedia helps students approach this sacred text better and allows them to internalize religious messages in more prosperous and more diverse ways.

## 6. Evaluation and Examination

The relevance of the Arabic language in the in-depth study of the Quran through evaluation and examination is crucial in measuring students' understanding of the Quran. The Arabic language plays a primary role in helping students test their comprehension of this sacred text through evaluation and examination. In assessment and examination, students are tested in various aspects, such as Arabic grammar, reading correctly according to tajwid rules, understanding the meanings of Quranic verses, and interpreting and contemplating the verses. This evaluation helps teachers identify areas where students need improvement in understanding (Ridho, 2018). Furthermore, assessment in Arabic enables students to measure their progress in understanding the Quran. It provides crucial feedback and helps students focus on areas that require further attention. With a good understanding of Arabic, students can confidently undergo evaluations and examinations related to the Quran. They can better understand questions and instructions given in Arabic, and thus, they can provide more accurate answers. Overall, Arabic is essential in evaluating and examining students' understanding of the Quran. This evaluation ensures that students understand the Islamic sacred text well and provides valuable guidance for developing deep religious knowledge.

## 7. Extracurricular Activities

The relevance of the Arabic language in the in-depth study of the Quran through extracurricular activities is crucial in expanding students' understanding of the Quran beyond the classroom environment. Extracurricular activities focusing on the Arabic language and the Quran can effectively deepen students' knowledge. Extracurricular activities such as remembrance groups, Quranic recitation sessions, or tafsir (interpretation) classes allow students to actively read, contemplate, and discuss Quranic verses in Arabic. It helps them internalize the messages of the Quran in a more relaxed atmosphere and unrestricted by formal classroom rules (Selviana, 2021). Additionally, extracurricular activities can provide practical experience speaking and communicating in Arabic. Students can participate in

discussions and presentations or talk in the context of the Quran. It enriches their understanding of the Arabic language and makes them more confident in speaking and interacting in this language.

It is important to remember that Arabic is the language of religious communication throughout the Islamic world (Nasution & Lubis, 2023). Through extracurricular activities, students can enhance their communication skills in Arabic, which helps them participate in religious contexts and strengthen their relationships with the larger Islamic community. Extracurricular activities are a valuable addition to deepening understanding of the Quran; the Arabic language is the primary tool used in these activities. They create opportunities for students to have practical experiences in understanding, speaking, and interacting with the Arabic language and the Quran, ultimately supporting deeper religious understanding.

## 8. Space for Discussion

The relevance of the Arabic language in the in-depth study of the Quran through spaces for discussion is crucial in supporting a deeper understanding of this sacred text. Spaces for discussion allow students to interact with their peers and teachers, facilitating more profound exchanges of thoughts and ideas about the Quran. In discussions about the Quran, the Arabic language is the tool that enables students to express their thoughts more precisely and accurately. They can use Arabic to explain concepts and their understanding of Quranic verses (Islam, 2019). With correct language usage, students can better understand the meanings and messages contained in sacred texts.

Additionally, Arabic allows students to contemplate the meanings of verses in discussion groups more effectively. They can contribute to reflecting on Quranic verses in a deeper context and discuss differences in understanding with more accuracy. Discussions also allow students to ask questions and seek clarification in Arabic. They can better understand by exchanging information and explanations in the appropriate language. Overall, the Arabic language is an essential tool in deepening understanding of the Quran through spaces for discussion. Through the use of Arabic language in this context, students can better understand the religious messages and enrich their knowledge of the Quran.

## 9. Student Recognition

The relevance of the Arabic language in the in-depth study of the Quran through student recognition is crucial in motivating and reinforcing students' dedication to understanding the Quran. Recognition for students, such as acknowledging achievements in learning the Arabic language and understanding the Quran, has significant positive impacts. In this context, Arabic becomes relevant because recognition is often given to students who can read, understand, and interpret the Quran in Arabic well. Students' ability to undergo Arabic language exams or demonstrate a deep understanding of this sacred text is critical to receiving recognition (Olimat, 2018). Recognition can incentivize students to develop their Arabic language skills, such as tajwid (rules of Quranic recitation), tafsir (interpretation), vocabulary understanding, and speaking abilities in Arabic. It motivates students to approach the Quran better and achieve a deeper understanding of the messages of Islam.

Recognition also increases students' interest in understanding the Quran for deeper purposes, such as enhancing religious understanding, getting closer to spiritual values, and deepening religious beliefs. In some cases, recognition can be a form of acknowledgment that encourages students to continue their efforts in their studies of the Arabic language and

the Quran. In conclusion, the Arabic language is a highly relevant tool in the context of student recognition to deepen understanding of the Quran. Recognition plays a crucial role in motivating students to learn the Arabic language better, which ultimately supports the development of deeper religious understanding and strengthens their spiritual relationships with the Islamic sacred text, the Quran.

## 10. Encouraging Practical Application

The relevance of the Arabic language in the in-depth study of the Quran is paramount for understanding this sacred text through software and practical applications. Arabic serves as the native language of the Quran, and a profound understanding of this language enables researchers, students, and Muslims to comprehend the Quranic messages more deeply. Software and practical applications designed for Quranic studies facilitate users in accessing the text, translating, and comprehending its historical context and interpretations (Hanafri et al., 2019). Proficiency in Arabic aids in understanding the meanings of Quranic verses more comprehensively, and these software applications allow users to explore Quranic content more efficiently. Therefore, integrating the Arabic language with application technology can enhance the understanding and appreciation of the Quran, facilitate information retrieval, and provide more convenient access to the knowledge within the Quran for the entire Muslim community.

The Arabic language holds significant relevance in the in-depth study of the Quran, and it endeavors to comprehend this sacred text through software and practical applications. Primarily, the Quran was revealed in Arabic. Thus, a profound understanding of Arabic is crucial in grasping the original meanings of Quranic verses. Strong Arabic language skills enable readers to perceive the nuances, context, and linguistic structures used in the Quran, which may be challenging to grasp in translation. Technology and application software have also played a crucial role in facilitating Quranic understanding. Various applications are available to assist in reading, listening, and understanding the Quran. Such applications often provide translations, interpretations, and essential notes that enrich readers' understanding. Arabic is relevant because a fundamental understanding enables users to absorb various available resources through applications more effectively.

The Arabic language is a tool for understanding the Quran and a key to accessing digital resources and applications that deepen understanding of this sacred text. Through mastery of the Arabic language and using practical software and applications, Quranic learners can effectively explore and understand the teachings of this holy book. Understanding the Arabic language enables individuals to deepen their understanding of Islam and enhance their spiritual connection with the Quran. It assists them in reflecting upon and applying the teachings of the Quran in their daily lives. Overall, proficiency in Arabic is a crucial foundation for a better and deeper understanding of the Quran. It opens doors to understanding the meanings of verses, interpretations, and messages of the Quran, which are the core of Islam. With a grasp of Arabic, individuals can approach the Quran with deeper insight and deepen their faith and spirituality in Islam. The Arabic language plays a central role in unlocking better understanding and comprehension of the messages of the Quran.

## CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the relevance of the Arabic language in the study of the Quran is undeniable, as it serves as the native language of this sacred text. Through native language learning, individuals can deepen their understanding of the Quran in multifaceted ways. Proficiency in Arabic enables scholars, students, and believers to grasp the nuances, context, and linguistic intricacies embedded within the Quranic verses. Moreover, using Arabic in evaluations, extracurricular activities, discussions, student recognition, and practical applications enhances the overall comprehension and spiritual connection with the Quran. By fostering a deeper understanding of the Quran through Arabic, individuals can internalize its teachings, apply them to their daily lives, and strengthen their faith in Islam. Thus, investing in studying Arabic to delve into the Quran facilitates a profound appreciation of the divine messages in this holy scripture. As the gateway to unraveling the depths of Quranic wisdom, the Arabic language is indispensable in nurturing a deeper understanding and spiritual connection with Islam's foundational text.

From this research, it can be concluded that Arabic language learning is very relevant to the in-depth study of the Quran. The resulting recommendations include improving the Arabic learning curriculum integrated with Quran studies, developing interactive learning methods, and encouraging Muslims to master Arabic to deepen their understanding of the Quran. The relevance of Arabic in studying the Quran, to deepen understanding through learning the native language, is undeniable in enriching and enlivening our understanding of this sacred text. In a deeper understanding of the meanings of the Quran, Arabic is the key that allows us to capture the nuances, context, and deep meanings in each verse. More than a means of communication, Arabic is a doorway to Islamic spiritual and intellectual treasures that rain down on sacred texts and their associated cultural and religious heritage. In our journey to understand, teach, and live the teachings of the Quran, mastery of the Arabic language is a necessary foundation that enriches and deepens our relationship with these sacred teachings and the cultural heritage and religion of Islam in general.

## AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS STATEMENT

[ARK] served as the sole author and researcher in this study. They conceptualized the research design, collected and analyzed the data, interpreted the findings, and drafted the manuscript. Additionally, [ARK] contributed to the critical revision of the manuscript for important intellectual content and provided final approval for publication.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Acknowledgment to thank every responder who gave their time and shared their opinions to participate in this study. This study could not have been done without their assistance. The author also wishes to express gratitude to everyone who helped with the research in both material and moral ways. We especially want to thank the *Tadris al-'Arabiyyah* journal's Editorial Team for helping make this research publication possible. May the findings of this study contribute significantly to a deeper understanding of the relevance of the Arabic language in the in-depth analysis of the Quran? Thank you for all the support and assistance provided.

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